## 해외출장 보고서

## READI 참석 결과 보고

출장 개요 □ 출장자: 김조은 □ **출장기간**: 2023. 7.14-7.16 (2박3일간) □ 출장지: U. Tokyo, Japan □ 출장목적: Research on East Asian Demography and Inequality 1<sup>st</sup> Annual Conference 참석 ○ 논문 발표: Perceived Threats to Masculinity and Hostile Sexism Against Women: Evidence from Survey Experiment in South Korea (발표자료 첨부 참조) 활동 내용 ☐ Presentation O Perceived Threats to Masculinity and Hostile Sexism Against Women: Evidence from Survey Experiment in South Korea Summary

- This study examines whether threats to men's hegemonic status fuel hostile sexism toward women. A nationally representative sample of South Korean men (N = 1,028) was randomly assigned to one of two treatment groups (information on either rising unemployment or rising never-married men) or a control group (no information is given) and then were asked about their attitudes toward women and society. We found

limited evidence of a treatment effect on hostile attitudes toward women and society in the general male population. However, among men who reported downward social mobility prior to treatment, information about rising unemployment and rising numbers of never-married men increased hostility toward women, but not toward Korean society. Findings of this study reveals that men who perceive downward mobility are the most susceptible to economic and demographic changes, and their frustration is directed not at society but rather at women.

This study offer valuable insights into the complex dynamics between economic and social changes and attitudes towards gender. It suggests that men's response to status threats can vary depending on their individual experiences of social mobility However, it is important to note that the findings may not be generalizable to other cultural and social contexts. Further research in other marea could help deepen our understanding of these dynamics and their implications for gender equality.

## O Peer comments in the conference

This study offer valuable insights into the complex dynamics between economic and social changes and attitudes towards gender. It suggests that men's response to status threats can vary depending on their individual experiences of social mobility However, it is important to note that the findings may not be generalizable to other cultural and social contexts. Further research in other area could help deepen our understanding of these dynamics and their implications for gender equality.